

GENERAL FIRE SAFETY

- Make sure you have working smoke alarms on every level of your home and outside every sleeping area. For maximum protection, place an alarm in each bedroom.
- Check the batteries in your smoke alarm monthly and replace as necessary. Better yet, replace your alarms with long-life, lithium battery-powered alarms. These alarms have a hush feature to silence nuisance alarms caused by cooking smoke or shower steam.
- Draw a fire escape plan using a floor plan of your home including all doors and windows. Determine at least two exits from every room. Designate a meeting place outside the house where everyone can gather after exiting.
- Practice the plan with your Children, preferably at night.
- In case of an actual fire, get everyone out before calling 9-1-1 from your cell phone or a neighbor's phone.
- Instruct small children about the dangers of playing with lighters, matches, and/or any other type of fire.
- Teach your child how to call for help in emergencies.
- Reward an understanding of safety regarding fire.
- Know how to extinguish small fires on the kitchen stove. (Simply sliding a lid over a skillet of burning grease often will extinguish a pan fire.)

***For more information on
fire safety in the home,
please contact:
Fire Prevention Division.***



HOME FIRE EXTINGUISHERS

Fire Prevention Division

Fire Prevention Division
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SJRFD

HOME FIRE EXTINGUISHERS

Used properly, a portable fire extinguisher can save lives and property by putting out a small, contained fire or containing it sufficiently to allow escape.

Fire extinguishers are considered first aid equipment for controlling and putting out small fires before they become large ones. However, they are no substitute for the fire department. Having the proper fire extinguisher, as well as knowing how to use it and how not to use it is important in safeguarding your family and your household.

WHAT ARE THE MOST COMMON CLASSES OF EXTINGUISHERS FOR HOME USE?

Class A

For ordinary combustibles such as paper, wood, cardboard.

Class B

For flammable or combustible liquids such as gasoline, kerosene, grease and oil.

Class C

For electrical equipment such as wiring, appliances, circuit breakers and outlets.

The Class may be listed on the extinguisher by letters or by symbols.



WHAT TYPE OF FIRE EXTINGUISHER DO I CHOOSE?

- A 2.27 kg (5 pound) multi-purpose dry chemical class ABC extinguisher is recommended for the home.
- The smallest extinguisher you should have in your home is a 1.13 kg (2.5 pound)
- The size of the extinguisher is directly related to the size of fire it can extinguish.
- Choose an extinguisher that is certified by a recognized testing laboratory such as ULC

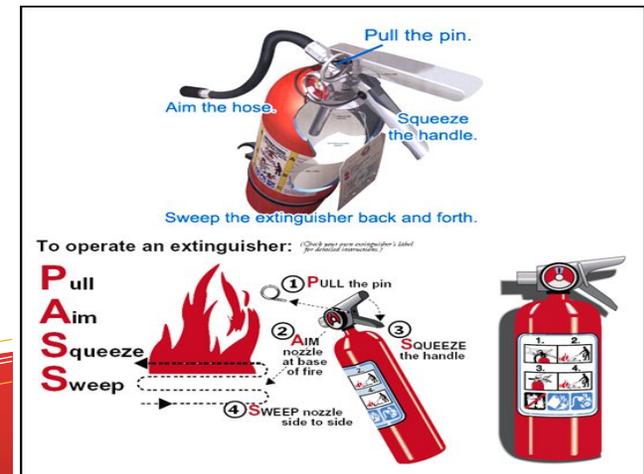
WHERE SHOULD I MOUNT THE EXTINGUISHERS?

- They should be installed where the potential risk of fire is greatest. Kitchen, laundry room, garage or workshop.
- In a visible area.
- High on the wall out of the reach of children.
- Near an exit.
- Away from heat sources.
- Avoid placing it near where a fire may occur, for example, the stove, as smoke and flames may prevent you from reaching it.

HOW DO I USE AN EXTINGUISHER?

Most extinguishers will work using the PASS method.

Pull, Aim, Squeeze and Sweep



- Check manufacturer's instructions before using an extinguisher.
- Only adults should handle and use extinguishers



The St. John's Regional Fire Department wants to help you keep your family as safe as possible in the home.